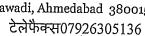


आयुक्त (अपील) का कार्यालय, Office of the Commissioner (Appeal),

केंद्रीय जीएसटी, अपील आयुक्तालय, अहमदाबाद Central GST, Appeal Commissionerate, Ahmedabad जीएसटी भवन, राजस्व मार्ग, अम्बावाड़ी अहमदाबाद ३८००१५.

CGST Bhavan, Revenue Marg, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad 380015 07926305065-





रजिस्टर्ड डाक ए.डी. द्वारा

- फाइल संख्या : File No : V2(GST)43/EA-2/North appeals/2018-19/14246 701247
- अपील आदेश संख्या Order-In-Appeal Nos. AHM-EXCUS-002-APP-JC-021-2019-20 दिनाँक Date : 28-02-2020 जारी करने की तारीख Date of Issue 12/03/2026

श्री मुकेश राठोर संयुक्त आयुक्त (अपील) द्वारा पारित Passed by Shri. Mukesh Rathor, Joint. Commissioner (Appeals)

- Arising out of Order-in-Original No 71/Final/2018-19 दिनाँक: 13.08.2018 issued by Deputy ग Commissioner, Div-IV, Central Tax, Ahmedabad-North
- अपीलकर्ता का नाम एवं पता Name & Address of the Appellant / Respondent Oxygen Healthcare Research Pvt Itd Ahmedabad

कोई व्यक्ति इस अपील आदेश से असंतोष अनुभव करता है तो वह इस आदेश के प्रति यथारिथति नीचे बताए गए सक्षम अधिकारी को अपील या पुनरीक्षण आवेदन प्रस्तुत कर सकता है।

Any person aggrieved by this Order-In-Appeal issued under the Central Excise Act 1944, may file an appeal or revision application, as the one may be against such order, to the appropriate authority in the following way:

भारत सरकार का पुनरीक्षण आवेदन Revision application to Government of India:

- केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क अधिनियम, 1994 की धारा अतत नीचे बताए गए मामलों के बारे में पूर्वोक्त धारा को उप–धारा के प्रथम परन्तुक के अंतर्गत पुनरीक्षण आवेदन अधीन सचिव, भारत सरकार, वित्त मंत्रालय, राजस्व विभाग, चौथी मंजिल, जीवन दीप भवन, संसद मार्ग, नई दिल्ली ः 110001 को की जानी चाहिए।
- A revision application lies to the Under Secretary, to the Govt. of India, Revision Application Unit Ministry of Finance, Department of Revenue, 4th Floor, Jeevan Deep Building, Parliament Street, New Delhi - 110 001 under Section 35EE of the CEA 1944 in respect of the following case, governed by first proviso to sub-section (1) of Section-35 ibid:
- यदि माल की हानि के मामले में जब ऐसी हानि कारखाने से किसी भण्डागार या अन्य कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार से दूसरे भण्डागार में माल ले जाते हुए मार्ग में, या किसी भण्डागार या भण्डार में चाहे वह किसी कारखाने में या किसी भण्डागार में हो माल की प्रकियां के
- In case of any loss of goods where the loss occur in transit from a factory to a warehouse or to another factory or from one warehouse to another during the course of processing of the goods in a warehouse or in storage whether in a factory or in a warehouse.
- In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of (b) on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.
- (ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।



- (ख) भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित माल पर या माल के विनिर्माण में उपयोग शुल्क कच्चे माल पर उत्पादन शुल्क के रिबेट के मामलें में जो भारत के बाहर किसी राष्ट्र या प्रदेश में निर्यातित है।
- (b) In case of rebate of duty of excise on goods exported to any country or territory outside India of on excisable material used in the manufacture of the goods which are exported to any country or territory outside India.
- (ग) यदि शुल्क का भुगतान किए बिना भारत के बाहर (नेपाल या भूटान को) निर्यात किया गया माल हो।
- (c) In case of goods exported outside India export to Nepal or Bhutan, without payment of duty.

अंतिम उत्पादन की उत्पादन शुल्क के भुगतान के लिए जो डयूटी केडिट मान्य की गई है और ऐसे आदेश जो इस धारा एवं नियम के मुताबिक आयुक्त, अपील के द्वारा पारित वो समय पर या बाद में वित्त अधिनियम (नं.2) 1998 धारा 109 द्वारा नियुक्त किए गए हो।

- (d) Credit of any duty allowed to be utilized towards payment of excise duty on final products under the provisions of this Act or the Rules made there under and such order is passed by the Commissioner (Appeals) on or after, the date appointed under Sec.109 of the Finance (No.2) Act, 1998.
- (1) केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क (अपील) नियमावली, 2001 के नियम 9 के अंतर्गत विनिर्दिष्ट प्रपत्र संख्या इए–8 में दो प्रतियों में, प्रेषित आदेश के प्रति आदेश प्रेषित दिनाँक से तीन मास के भीतर मूल–आदेश एवं अपील आदेश की दो—दो प्रतियों के साथ उचित आवेदन किया जाना चाहिए। उसके साथ खाता इ. का मुख्यशीर्ष के अंतर्गत धारा 35–इ में निर्धारित फी के भुगतान के सबूत के साथ टीआर–6 चालान की प्रति भी होनी चाहिए।

The above application shall be made in duplicate in Form No. EA-8 as specified under Rule, 9 of Central Excise (Appeals) Rules, 2001 within 3 months from the date on which the order sought to be appealed against is communicated and shall be accompanied by two copies each of the OIO and Order-In-Appeal. It should also be accompanied by a copy of TR-6 Challan evidencing payment of prescribed fee as prescribed under Section 35-EE of CEA, 1944, under Major Head of Account.

(2) रिविजन आवेदन के साथ जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख रूपये या उससे कम हो तो रूपये 200/— फीस भुगतान की जाए और जहाँ संलग्न रकम एक लाख से ज्यादा हो तो 1000/— की फीस भुगतान की जाए।

The revision application shall be accompanied by a fee of Rs.200/- where the amount involved is Rupees One Lac or less and Rs.1,000/- where the amount involved is more than Rupees One Lac.

सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण के प्रति अपील:-Appeal to Custom, Excise, & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal.

(1) केंद्रीय जीएसटी अधिनियम, 2017 की धारा 112 के अंतर्गत:-

Under Section 112 of CGST act 2017 an appeal lies to :-

- (क) उक्तिलिखित परिच्छेद 2 (1) क में बताए अनुसार के अलावा की अपील, अपीलो के मामले में सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट) की पश्चिम क्षेत्रीय पीठिका, अहमदाबाद में 2nd माला, बहुमाली भवन ,असरवा ,गिरधरनागर,अहमदाबाद —380004
- (a) To the west regional bench of Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT) at 2nd floor,Bahumali Bhawan,Asarwa,Girdhar Nagar, Ahmedabad: 380004. in case of appeals other than as mentioned in para-2(i) (a) above.



The appeal to the Appellate Tribunal shall be filed in quadruplicate in form EA-3 as prescribed under Rule 6 of Central Excise(Appeal) Rules, 2001 and shall be accompanied against (one which at least should be accompanied by a fee of Rs.1,000/-, Rs.5,000/- and Rs.10,000/- where amount of duty / penalty / demand / refund is upto 5 Lac, 5 Lac to 50 Lac and above 50 Lac respectively in the form of crossed bank draft in favour of Asstt. Registar of a branch of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of any nominate public sector bank of the place where the bench of the Tribunal is situated.

(3) यदि इस आदेश में कई मूल आदेशों का समावेश होता है तो प्रत्येक मूल ओदश के लिए फीस का भुगतान उपर्युक्त ढंग से किया जाना चाहिए इस तथ्य के होते हुए भी कि लिखा पढी कार्य से, बचने के लिए यथास्थिति अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण को एक अपील या केन्द्रीय सरकार को एक आवेदन किया जाता हैं।

In case of the order covers a number of order-in-Original, fee for each O.I.O. should be paid in the aforesaid manner not withstanding the fact that the one appeal to the Appellant Tribunal or the one application to the Central Govt. As the case may be, is filled to avoid scriptoria work if excising Rs. 1 lacs fee of Rs.100/- for each.

(4) न्यायालय शुल्क अधिनियम 1970 यथा संशोधित की अनुसूचि—1 के अंतर्गत निर्धारित किए अनुसार उक्त आवेदन या मूल आदेश यथास्थिति निर्णयन प्राधिकारी के आदेश में से प्रत्येक की एक प्रति पर रू.6.50 पैसे का न्यायालय शुल्क टिकट लगा होना चाहिए।

One copy of application or O.I.O. as the case may be, and the order of the adjournment authority shall a court fee stamp of Rs.6.50 paise as prescribed under scheduled-I item of the court fee Act, 1975 as amended.

(5) इन ओर संबंधित मामलों को नियंत्रण करने वाले नियमों की ओर भी ध्यान आकर्षित किया जाता है जो सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (कार्याविधि) नियम, 1982 में निहित है।

Attention in invited to the rules covering these and other related matter contended in the Customs, Excise & Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (Procedure) Rules, 1982.

(6) सीमा शुल्क, केन्द्रीय उत्पादन शुल्क एवं सेवाकर अपीलीय न्यायाधिकरण (सिस्टेट), के प्रति अपीलो के मामले में कर्तव्य मांग (Demand) एवं दंड (Penalty) का 10% पूर्व जमा करना अनिवार्य है। हालांकि, अधिकतम पूर्व जमा 10 करोड़ रुपए है ।(Section 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

केन्द्रीय उत्पाद शुल्क और सेवा कर के अंतर्गत, शामिल होगा "कर्तव्य की मांग"(Duty Demanded) -

- (i) (Section) खंड 11D के तहत निर्धारित राशि;
- (ii) लिया गलत सेनवैट क्रेडिट की राशि;
- (iii) सेनवैट क्रेडिट नियमों के नियम 6 के तहत देय राशि.
- ⇒ यह पूर्व जमा 'लंबित अपील' में पहले पूर्व जमा की तुलना में, अपील' दाखिल करने के लिए पूर्व शर्त बना दिया गया है .

For an appeal to be filed before the CESTAT, 10% of the Duty & Penalty confirmed by the Appellate Commissioner would have to be pre-deposited, provided that the pre-deposit amount shall not exceed Rs.10 Crores. It may be noted that the pre-deposit is a mandatory condition for filing appeal before CESTAT. (Section 35 C (2A) and 35 F of the Central Excise Act, 1944, Section 83 & Section 86 of the Finance Act, 1994)

Under Central Excise and Service Tax, "Duty demanded" shall include:

- (i) amount determined under Section 11 D;
- (ii) amount of erroneous Cenvat Credit taken;
- (iii) amount payable under Rule 6 of the Cenvat Credit Rules.

इस इस आदेश के प्रति अपील प्राधिकरण के समक्ष जहाँ शुल्क अथवा शुल्क या दण्ड विवादित हो तो माँग किए गए शुल्क के 10% भुगतान पर और जहाँ केवल दण्ड विवादित हो तब दण्ड के 10% भुगतान पर की जा सकती है।

6(I) In view of above, an appeal against this order shall lie before the Tribunal on payment of 10% of the duty demanded where duty or duty and penalty are in dispute, or penalty, where penalty alone is in dispute."

II. Any person aggrieved by an Order-In-Appeal issued under the Central Goods and Services Tax Act,2017/Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act,2017/ Goods and Services Tax(Compensation to states) Act,2017,may file an appeal before the appropriate authority.

ORDER-IN-APPEAL

The Deputy Commissioner, Central GST, Division-IV, Ahmedabad North (hereinafter referred to as 'the appellant') has filed the present appeal against RFD-06 Order No. 71/Final/2018-19 dated 13.08.2018 (referred to as 'refund claim')in respect of M/s. Oxygen Healthcare Research Private Limited, Plot No. 35, Panchratna Industrial Estate, Sarkhej-Bavla Road, Changodar, Ahmedabad-382213 (hereinafter referred to as 'respondent').

- 2. The facts of the case, in brief, are that the respondent is registered with the CGST department having GSTIN No. 24AAACO7229C1ZT. The respondent had filed a refund claim of Rs. 20,43,936/- for IGST, Rs. 6,46,755/- for CGST and Rs. 6,46,755/- for SGST for the month of August, 2017 on account of input tax credit (ITC) accumulated due to Zero rate supply of goods and services. The said claim file was sent for post-audit purpose. And the audit cell vide letter F.No. VI/1(b)-16/Post-Audit/Div.IV/2017-18 dated 21.02.2019 had observed that the claim is inadmissible as the respondent did not file correct 'Turnover of zero-rated supply of services' in their GST RFD-01 A. The audit cell had further observed that the claimant had received payments after the claim period and therefore 'Turnover of zero-rated supply of services' should be arrived at accordingly.
- The refund claim was reviewed by the Commissioner of CGST, Ahmedabad Noth, who issued a Review Order No. 63/2018-19 dated 21.02.2019 for filing an appeal under sub-section 2 of section 107 of the CGST Act, 2017. The appellant alleged that the claimant has shown the 'Turnover of zero rated supply of goods and services' amounting to Rs. 2,59,19,016/- as per the GST RFD-01A. However, appellant has observed from statement 3 u/r 89(2) and FIRS certification/documents of the bank regarding the payment receipts submitted by the respondent that the 'Turnover of zero rated supply of goods and services' comes to Rs. 1,02,97,849/-. Further, the appellant observed that the respondent is eligible for the refund amount of Rs. 12,16,945/- out of total sanctioned amount of Rs. 30,38,128/-. 'refund claim passed by the adjudicating authority is not proper and legal in as much as Rs. 18,21,183/- has been sanctioned erroneously. The appellant claimed that refund amount of Rs. 18,21,183 /- has erroneously been sanctioned to the respondents, due to the above mentioned discrepancies, needs to be recovered back along with interest. So being aggrieved with the refund claim, the appellant has preferred the present appeal.
- 4. Personal Hearing in the matter was granted on 27.02.2020. But the respondent requested for early hearing on 26.02.2020. Shri Samir Patel and Shri Ajit Patel appeared on behalf of respondents and submitted fresh cross objection dated 26.02.20 for consideration with a request to decide the appeals on the basis of their submission.

- 5. I have carefully gone through the facts of the case on records, grounds of appeal in the Appeal Memorandum submitted by the appellant and oral and written submissions made by the respondents at the time of hearing.
 - 6. Sub-section (4) of Rule 89 of the CGST Rules, 2017 is reproduced below:
 - (4) In the case of zero-rated supply of goods or services or both without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (3) of section 16 of the Integrated Goods and Services Tax Act, 2017 (13 of 2017), refund of input tax credit shall be granted as per the following formula –

Refund Amount = (Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods + Turnover of zero rated supply of services) x Net ITC \div Adjusted Total Turnover

- (A) "Refund amount" means the maximum refund that is admissible;
- (B) "Net ITC" means input tax credit availed on inputs and input services during the relevant period other than the input tax credit availed for which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both;
- (C) "Turnover of zero-rated supply of goods" means the value of zero-rated supply of goods made during the relevant period without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking, other than the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under sub-rules (4A) or (4B) or both;
- (D) "Turnover of zero-rated supply of services" means the value of zero-rated supply of services made without payment of tax under bond or letter of undertaking, calculated in the following manner, namely:-

Zero-rated supply of services is the aggregate of the payments received during the relevant period for zero-rated supply of services and zero-rated supply of services where supply has been completed for which payment had been received in advance in any period prior to the relevant period reduced by advances received for zero-rated supply of services for which the supply of services has not been completed during the relevant period;

- (E) Adjusted Total Turnoverll means the sum total of the value of-
- (a) the turnover in a State or a Union territory, as defined under clause (112) of section 2, excluding the turnover of services; and
- (b) the turnover of zero-rated supply of services determined in terms of clause (D) above and non-zero-rated supply of services,

excluding-

- (i) the value of exempt supplies other than zero-rated supplies; and
- (ii) the turnover of supplies in respect of which refund is claimed under subrule (4A) or sub-rule (4B) or both, if any, during the relevant period.
- (F) "Relevant period" means the period for which the claim has been filed.

On going through the above mentioned rule, it is clear that the refund admissible is to be given as per the procedure laid down in the said rule.

7. As per the finding of the appellant, the respondent has shown the 'Turnover of zero rated supply of goods and services' amounting to Rs. 2,59,19,106/- in GST

RFD-01A. However, the appellant has scrutinized the documents submitted by the respondent and found that the 'Turnover of zero rated supply of goods and services' comes to Rs. 1,02,97,849/-. Hence, as per the formula of Maximum Refund amount given in the above mentioned sub-section, it appears that out of total sanctioned refund of Rs. 30,38,128/- for the period August 2017 the respondent is eligible for refund of Rs. 12,16,945/-.

- 8. I further find that the excess refund amounting to Rs. 18,21,183/- claimed under Section 54(3) of the CGST Act, 2017 is required to be recovered alongwith interest.
- in view of the facts and discussions herein above, I accept the appeal filed by the Department and reject the refund claim.
- 10. अपीलकर्ता द्वारा दर्ज की गई अपीलों का निपटारा उपरोक्त तरीके से किया जाता है।

The appeals filed by the appellant stand disposed off in above terms.

(MUKESH) (ÅTHORE) JOINT COMMISSIONER (APPEALS) CENTRAL GST, AHMEDABAD.

Attested

(BRIJESH SHARMA)

Superintendent (Appeals)

Central GST, Ahmedabad.

BY R.P.A.D.

·То,

M/s. Oxygen Healthcare Research Private Limited, Plot No. 35, Panchratna Industrial Estate, Sarkhej-Bavla Road, Changodar, Ahmedabad-382213

Copy To:-

- 1. The Chief Commissioner, Central Excise, Ahmedabad zone, Ahmedabad.
- 2. The Commissioner, CGST, Ahmedabad North.
- 3. Deputy Commissioner, Central GST, Division-IV, Ahmedabad North A. Guard File.
- 5. P.A. File.